GLOBAL CHILD NUTRITION FORUM

2020

Regional Meetings

4 Pillars of CERFAM - High Impact Programmatic Areas of Interest

CERFAM
CENTRE D'EXCELLENCE REGIONAL
CONTRE LA FAIM ET LA MALNUTRITION

RESEARCH

PARTNERSHIP

Home Grown School Feeding

Rural development
Post harvest loss management

South-South Cooperation

Capacity Strengthening

Multi-sectorial nutrition
Food safety & Quality

Community resilience

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

ADVOCACY & COMMUNICATION

CERFAM twofold Service Offering

Support the Promotion of Good Practices

Platform for exchanges that identifies, documents and disseminates good practices and lessons learned to zero hunger

Contribute to Country Capacity Strengthening
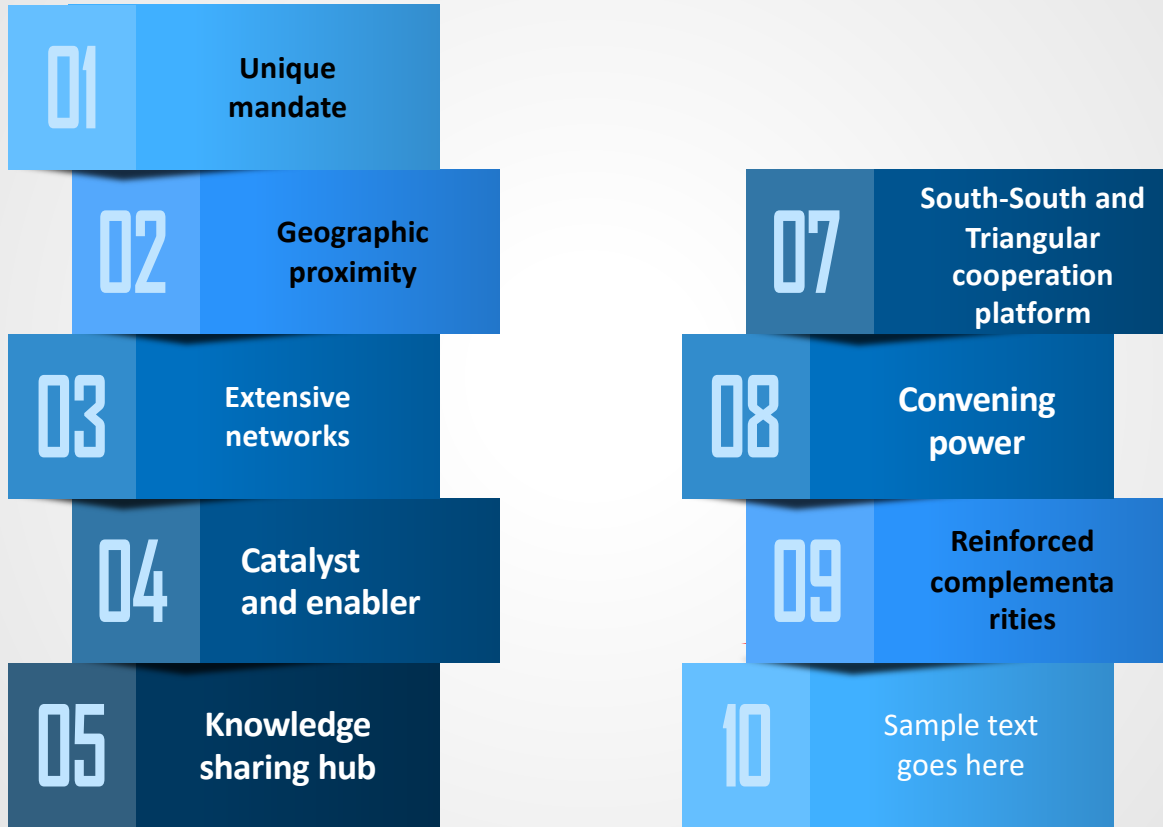
A catalyst that facilitates policy dialogue &technical assistance through the mobilization of expertise for the implementation of good practices against hunger and malnutrition through South-South cooperation and country capacity development

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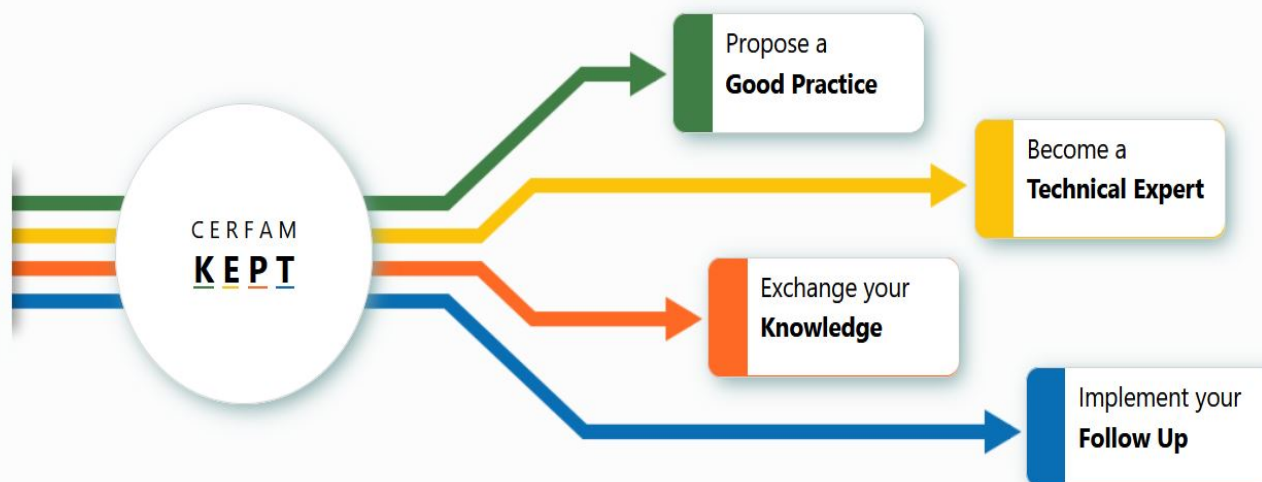# CERFAM ongoing positioning, engagement and outreach

CERFAM Unique Value Proposition

Support African countries accelerate progress towards Zero Hunger through a services offering that maximizes the impact of durable local hunger solutions

01 **Unique mandate**

02 **Geographic proximity**

03 **Extensive networks**

04 **Catalyst and enabler**

05 **Knowledge sharing hub**

07 **South-South and Triangular cooperation platform**

08 **Convening power**

09 **Reinforced complementarities**

10 Sample text goes here

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Welcome to the CERFAM's Knowledge Exchange Platform (KEPT)

CERFAM
KEPT

Propose a
Good Practice

Become a
Technical Expert

Exchange your
Knowledge

Implement your
Follow Up

HOME-GROWN
SCHOOL
FEEDING IN
WEST AND
CENTRAL
AFRICA

Current state
and future
perspective

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WFP
World Food
Programme

**HOME-GROWN
SCHOOL FEEDING IN
WEST AND CENTRAL
AFRICA**

Current state and future
perspective

July 2020

Executive Summary

Home-Grown School Feeding (HGSF) is a model of school feeding that "provides children in schools with safe, diverse, and nutritious food, sourced locally from smallholders." It promotes quality and safety standards for local food, supporting diversification with regard to culturally appropriate dietary habits, with the aim of maximizing benefits and strengthen capacities of smallholder farmers and better linking schools to local food production sources. HGSF is a first step towards providing nutritious foods with high nutrient value in schools and promoting community based and sustainable resilient solutions towards better nutrition.

The Regional Center of Excellence against Hunger and Malnutrition (CERFAM) is a platform of exchanges, partnerships, and cooperation aiming to respond to the increasing demand of national governments striving to strengthen their national capacities, knowledge management, documentation, and sharing of good practices and lessons learned in the fight against hunger and malnutrition in the continent. With the interest of CERFAM both in capitalization, documentation, and supporting learning on HGSF in the region, this study aimed to 1) establish a snapshot of the current landscaping of HGSF in West and Central Africa, identify its current objectives, opportunities and challenges and 2) provide a future perspective of where HGSF can move towards with capitalization, sharing, and cooperation. With these objectives, it is expected to provide policy makers with quality information to understand the importance, opportunities, and challenges in HGSF and support their decision-making process when advancing in HGSF, as well as providing technical implementors on all levels (international and governmental) to support in advancing programmatic success.

Using the CERFAM selected criteria of good practices for HGSF value chain, this paper presented an analysis and proposed recommendations aimed at contributing to a better understanding as to how to create feasible, replicable, and sustainable HGSF programmes that can support scale up. By linking the analysis to the original recommendations of the 2018 African Union study on HGSF, the paper notes how the landscape mapping of HGSF has evolved, and where it can go in the years to come.

The study finds that the region is showing a clear interest in pushing the agenda of HGSF and establishing groundwork on how to create sustainable and scaled up programmes both on the international and national stage. Through the consultations, it was however clear that the level of communication, coordination, sharing across countries, particularly for technical experts and implementors is very limited. A further limitation of the study has been the lack of documented papers both on an international and country level. Most information comes from direct consultations. Nevertheless, this study has shown that there are many points for engagement, including learning from each other on direct topics or sharing ideas, that will encourage the common goal for sustainable HGSF strategies.

For this reason, this paper suggests three main priorities for the future: 1) a focus on better documentation of HGSF strategies as well as individual components on the HGSF value chain, 2) priority aiming at conducting lessons learnt exercises and identifying specific validated good practices of HGSF strategies in specific contexts, and 3) aim to better utilize a knowledge platform to share, disseminate and publicize their work, to allow for continuous learning among the region and in a context. Utilizing existing platforms like CERFAM, with the technical expertise and knowledge they provide, will offer the services and exchanges that the region needs to strive.

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WFP
World Food Programme

CERFAM
Knowledge Exchange Platform

Good Practices   Experts Forum   Follow Up

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njfwnjenfwje - Quantitative Questionnaire

···	**Effectiveness**
···	**Efficiency**
···	**Relevance**
···	**Feasibility**
···	**Innovation and learning**
···	**Partnership and multi-sectoriality**
···	**Accountability**
···	**Replicability**

Is the practice addressing at least one of the targets of SDG2?

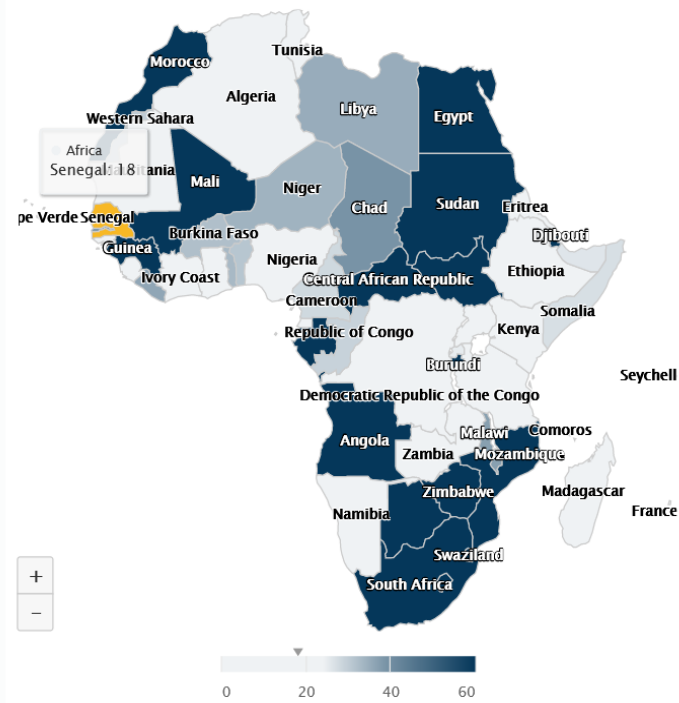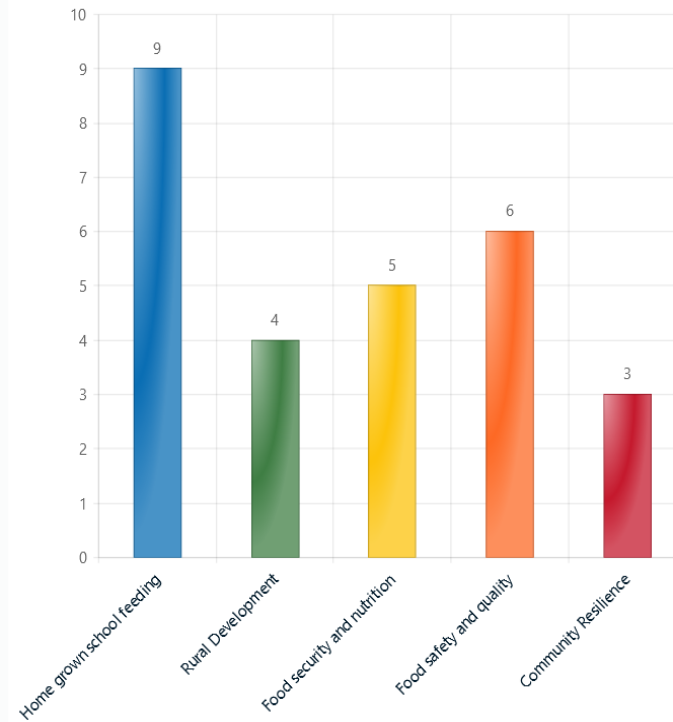|		
End Hunger	◯ Yes	◯ No
End malnutrition	◯ Yes	◯ No
Increase agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers	◯ Yes	◯ No
Ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices	◯ Yes	◯ No
Maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species	◯ Yes	◯ No

CERFAM Experts Network

Africa
Senegal: 18

Tunisia
Morocco
Algeria
Libya
Egypt
Western Sahara
Mauritania
Mali
Niger
Chad
Sudan
Eritrea
Cape Verde Senegal
Burkina Faso
Djibouti
Guinea
Nigeria
Ethiopia
Ivory Coast
Central African Republic
Cameroon
Somalia
Republic of Congo
Kenya
Burundi
Seychell
Democratic Republic of the Congo
Comoros
Angola
Malawi
Zambia
Mozambique
Zimbabwe
Madagascar
Namibia
France
Swaziland
South Africa

0   20   40   60

Highcharts.com © Natural Earth

Support Availabilities

Category	Value
Home grown school feeding	9
Rural Development	4
Food security and nutrition	5
Food safety and quality	6
Community Resilience	3

HOW TO REQUEST CERFAM SUPPORT?

Support the Promotion of Good Practices

Submit practice in KEPT

https://kept.coe.civ.wfp.org/

Contribute to Country Capacity Strengthening

Formal request by a letter addressed to CERFAM Director

Contact with CERFAM technical team for more detailed information

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Thank you for your attention